

SAFETY AWARENESS

Whenever you see the symbols shown below, heed their instructions! Always follow safe operating and maintenance practices.

DANGER

DANGER indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.

WARNING

WARNING indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.

CAUTION

CAUTION indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in minor or moderate injury.

NOTICE

NOTICE is used to address practices not related to personal injury.

NOTE

○ *This note symbol indicates points of particular interest for more efficient and convenient operation.*

READ THE OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS OF THE EQUIPMENT THIS ENGINE POWERS.

READ THIS FIRST

For your safety, read this Owner's Manual and understand it thoroughly before operating this ENGINE.

DANGER

Exhaust gas contains carbon monoxide, a colorless, odorless poisonous gas. Inhaling carbon monoxide can cause serious brain injury or death. DO NOT run the engine in enclosed areas. Operate only in a well-ventilated area. Gasoline is extremely flammable and can be explosive under certain conditions, creating the potential for serious burns. When refueling, servicing fuel system, draining gasoline and/or adjusting the carburetor: Stop engine and allow it to cool before refueling. DO NOT smoke.

Make sure the area is well-ventilated and free from any source of flame or sparks, including the pilot light of any appliance.

DO NOT fill the tank so the fuel level rises into the filler neck or level surface of level gauge.

If the tank is overfilled, heat may cause the fuel to expand and overflow through the vents in the tank cap. Wipe off any spilled gasoline immediately.

Engines can become extremely hot during normal operation. To prevent fire hazard: Keep the engine at least 1 m (3.3 ft) away from buildings, obstructions and other burnable objects. DO NOT place flammable objects close to the engine.

DO NOT expose combustible materials to the engine exhaust.

DO NOT use the engine on any forest covered, brush covered or grass covered unimproved land unless spark arrester is installed on the muffler.

To avoid getting an electric shock, DO NOT touch spark plugs, plug caps or spark plug leads during engine running.

To avoid a serious burn, DO NOT touch a hot engine or muffler. The engine becomes hot during operation. Before you service or remove parts, stop engine and allow the engine to cool.

DO NOT place hands or feet near moving or rotating parts. Place a protective cover over pulley, V belt or coupling.

DO NOT run engine at excessive speeds. This may result in injury.

Always remove the spark plug caps from spark plugs when servicing the engine to prevent accidental starting.

Read warning labels which are on the engine and understand them. If any label is missing, damaged, or worn get a replacement from your Kawasaki engine dealer and install it in the correct position.

EMISSION CONTROL INFORMATION

Fuel Information

THIS ENGINE IS CERTIFIED TO OPERATE ON UNLEADED REGULAR GRADE GASOLINE ONLY. A minimum of 87 octane of the antiknock index is recommended. The antiknock index is posted on service station pumps in the U.S.A.

Emission Control Information

To protect the environment in which we all live, Kawasaki has incorporated an exhaust emission control system in compliance with applicable regulations of the United States Environmental Protection Agency and the California Air Resources Board. Also, depending on when your engine was produced, it may have an assigned emissions durability period. *See below for the engine emissions durability period that may apply to your engine.

Exhaust Emission Control System

The exhaust emission control system applied to this engine consists of a fuel system and an ignition system having optimum ignition timing characteristics. The fuel system has been calibrated to provide lean air/fuel mixture characteristics and optimum fuel economy with a suitable air cleaner and exhaust system.

A sealed-type crankcase emission control system is also used to eliminate blow-by gasses. The blow-by gasses are led to a breather chamber through the crankcase and from there to the air cleaner.

Engine Emissions Compliance Period

California

Engines Greater Than or Equal To 225 cc

Model Year – 2008 and later

Durability Period – 500 hours

All Other States

Engines Greater Than or Equal To 225 cc

Model Year – 2011 and later

Durability Period – 500 hours (Category B)

If your engine has an assigned emissions durability period it will be located on the certification label attached to the engine (IMPORTANT ENGINE INFORMATION).

High Altitude Performance Adjustment Information

To improve the EMISSIONS CONTROL PERFORMANCE of engines operated above 1,000 meters (3,300 feet) , Kawasaki recommends the following Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and the California Air Resources Board (CARB) approved modifications.

However, the model with DFI (Digital Fuel Injection system) does not require high altitude performance adjustment.

NOTE

○ *When properly performed, these specified modifications only are not considered to be emissions system "tampering" and engine performance is generally unchanged as a result.*

Maintenance and Warranty

Proper maintenance is necessary to ensure that your engine will continue to have low emission levels. This Owner's Manual contains those maintenance recommendations for your engine. Those items identified by the Periodic Maintenance Chart are necessary to ensure compliance with the applicable standards.

As the owner of the engine, you have the responsibility to make sure that the recommended maintenance is carried out according to the instructions in this Owner's Manual at your own expense.

The Kawasaki Limited Emission Control System Warranty requires that you return your engine to an authorized Kawasaki dealer for remedy under warranty. Please read the warranty carefully, and keep it valid by complying with the owner's obligations it contains.

Tampering with Emission Control System Prohibited

Federal law and California State law prohibit the following acts or the causing thereof: (1) the removal or rendering inoperative by any person other than for purposes of maintenance, repair, or replacement, of any device or element of design incorporated into any new engine for the purposes of emission control prior to its sale or delivery to the ultimate purchaser or while it is in use, or (2) the use of the engine after such device or element of design has been removed or rendered inoperative by any person.

Among those acts presumed to constitute tampering are the acts listed below:
Do not tamper with the original emission related parts:

- Carburetor or DFI system, and their internal parts
- Spark Plug
- Magneto or electronic ignition system
- Fuel filter element
- Air cleaner elements
- Crankcase
- Cylinder heads
- Breather chamber and internal parts
- Intake pipe and tube
- Muffler or any internal portion of the muffler

FOREWORD

This Owner's Manual provided to aid you in the safe and reliable operation of your Engine. **READ AND UNDERSTAND IT THOROUGHLY BEFORE OPERATING YOUR ENGINE.**

READ THE OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS OF THE EQUIPMENT THIS ENGINE POWERS.

To ensure a long, trouble-free life for your Engine, give it proper care and maintenance in accordance with this Owner's Manual.

Please note that the photographs and illustrations shown in this manual are made based on Model FS600V as a typical example among other similar models.

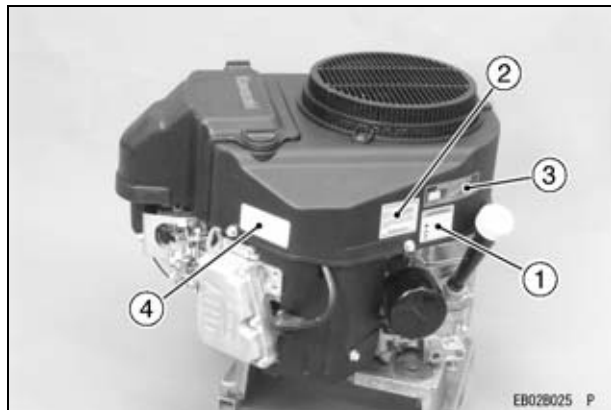
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GENERAL INFORMATION

Label Location



1. Warning Label
2. Important Engine Information Label
3. Engine Maintenance Label
4. Engine Serial Number Label

The engine serial number is your only means of identifying your particular engine from others of the same model type.

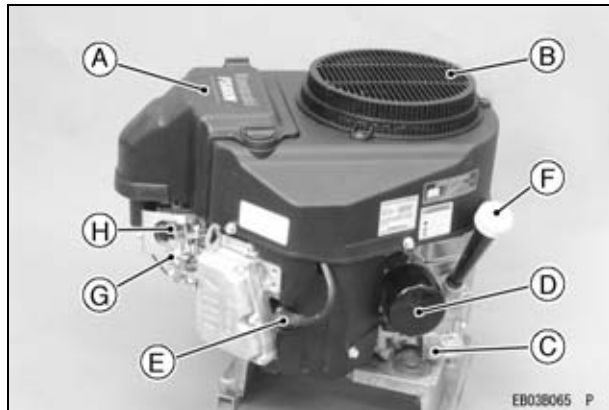
This engine serial number is needed by your dealer when ordering parts.



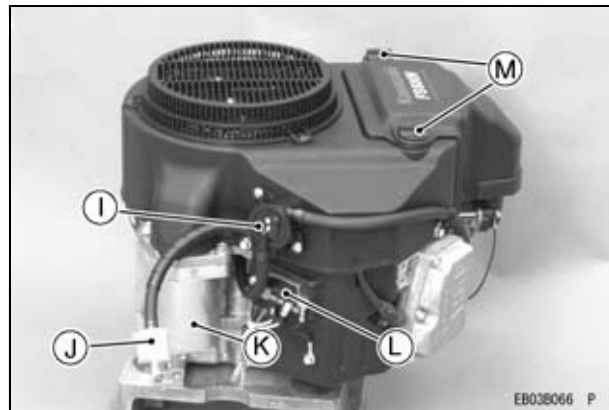
10 GENERAL INFORMATION

Parts Location

[Electric Starter Model]

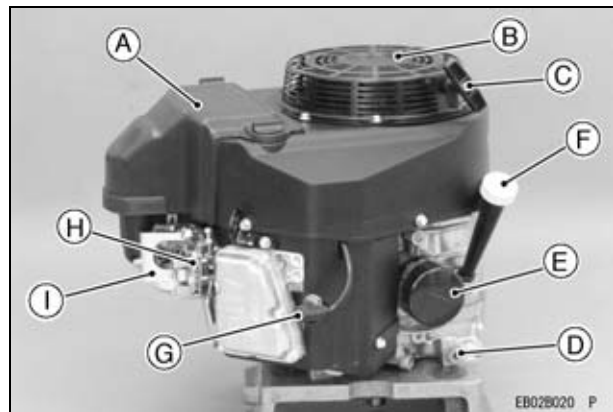


- A. Air Cleaner (inside A)
- B. Air Inlet Guard
- C. Oil Drain Plug
- D. Oil Filter
- E. Spark Plugs/Spark Plug Caps
- F. Oil Gauge/Filler Cap
- G. Control Panel
- H. Carburetor

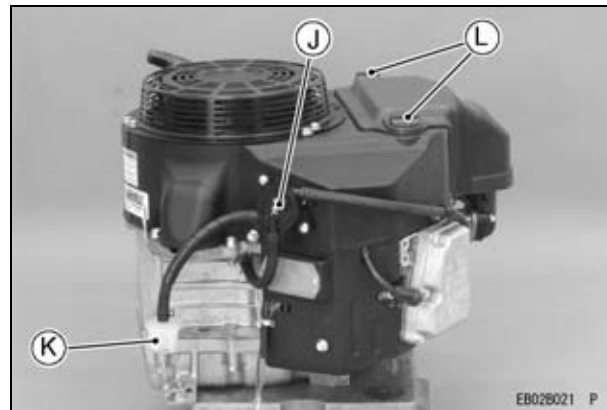


- I. Fuel Pump
- J. Fuel Filter
- K. Electric Starter
- L. Voltage Regulator
- M. Nuts

[Recoil Starter Model]



- A. Air Cleaner (inside A)
- B. Recoil Starter
- C. Recoil Starter Grip
- D. Oil Drain Plug
- E. Oil Filter
- F. Oil Gauge/Filler Cap
- G. Spark Plugs/Spark Plug Caps
- H. Control Panel
- I. Carburetor



- J. Fuel Pump
- K. Fuel Filter
- L. Nuts

12 GENERAL INFORMATION

Tune-up Specifications

ITEM	Specifications
Ignition Timing	Unadjustable
Spark Plugs: Gap	NGK BPR4ES 0.75 mm (0.030 in)
Low Idle Speed	1 550 r/min (rpm)
High Idle Speed	3 600 r/min (rpm)
Valve Clearance	In 0.10 ~ 0.15 mm (0.004 ~ 0.006 in) Ex 0.10 ~ 0.15 mm (0.004 ~ 0.006 in)
Other Specifications	No other adjustment needed

NOTE

○ *High and low idle speeds may vary depending on the equipment on which the engine is used. Refer to the equipment specification.*

Engine Oil Capacity

Engine Oil Capacity

FS481V FS541V FS600V	1.5 L (1.6 US·qt) [when oil filter is not removed]
	1.7 L (1.8 US·qt) [when oil filter is removed]

FUEL AND OIL RECOMMENDATIONS

Fuel

Use only clean, fresh, unleaded regular grade gasoline.

NOTICE

Do not mix oil with gasoline.

Octane Rating

The octane rating of a gasoline is a measure of its resistance to “knocking”. Using a minimum of 87 octane by the antiknock index is recommended. The antiknock index is posted on service station pumps in the U.S.A.

Antiknock Index: $(RON + MON)/2$

RON = Research Octane Number

MON = Motor Octane Number

NOTE

○ If “knocking or pinging” occurs, use a different brand of gasoline or higher octane rating.

Oxygenated Fuel

Oxygenates (either ethanol or MTBE) are added to the gasoline. If you use the oxygenated fuel be sure it is unleaded and meets the minimum octane rating requirement.

The following are the EPA approved percentages of fuel oxygenates.

ETHANOL: (Ethyl or Grain Alcohol)

You may use gasoline containing up to 10% ethanol by volume.

MTBE: (Methyl Tertiary Butyl Ether)

You may use gasoline containing up to 15% MTBE by volume.

METHANOL: (Methyl or Wood Alcohol) 5% by volume

You may use gasoline containing up to 5% methanol by volume, as long as it also contains cosolvents and corrosion inhibitors to protect the fuel system. Gasoline containing more than 5% methanol by volume may cause starting and/or performance problems. It may also damage metal, rubber, and plastic parts of your fuel system.

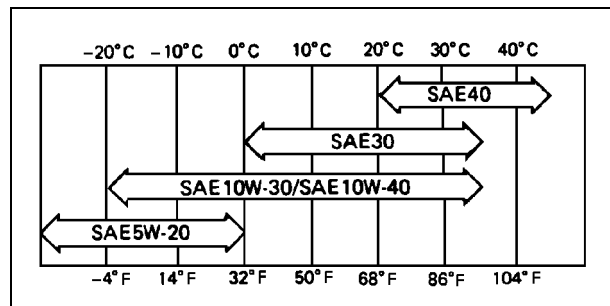
14 FUEL AND OIL RECOMMENDATIONS

Engine Oil

The following engine oils are recommended.
API Service Classification : SJ or higher class.

Oil Viscosity

Choose the viscosity according to the temperature as follows:



NOTE

- Using multi grade oils (5W-20, 10W-30, and 10W-40) will increase oil consumption. Check oil level more frequently when using them.

PREPARATION

Fuel

WARNING

Gasoline is extremely flammable and can be explosive under certain conditions, creating the potential for serious burns. Turn the ignition switch to “OFF”. Do not smoke. Make sure the area is well-ventilated and free from any source of flame or sparks; this includes any appliance with a pilot light. Never fill the tank completely to the top. If the tank is filled completely to the top, heat may cause the fuel to expand and overflow through the vents in the tank cap. After refueling, make sure the tank cap is closed securely. If gasoline is spilled on the fuel tank, wipe it off immediately.

Engine Oil

Check the engine oil daily before starting the engine otherwise shortage of the engine oil may cause serious damage to the engine such as seizure.

- Place the engine on level surface. Clean area around the oil gauge before removing it.
- Remove the oil gauge (A) and wipe it with a clean cloth.
- Pour the oil slowly to “FULL” mark on the oil gauge.
- Insert the oil gauge into tube (B) WITHOUT SCREWING IT IN.
- Remove the oil gauge (A) to check the oil level. The level should be between “ADD” and “FULL” marks. Do not overfill.
- Install and tighten the oil gauge (A).

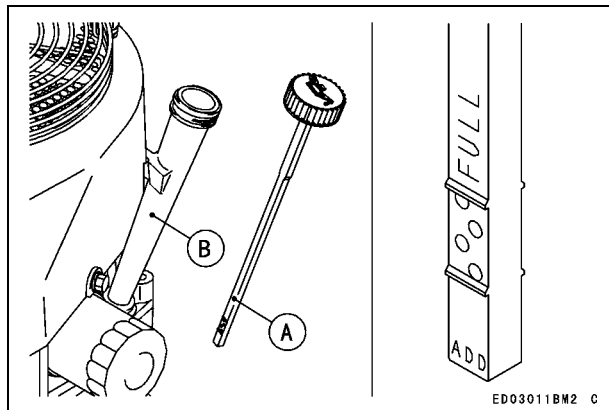
NOTICE

Do not fill above the “FULL” mark. Excess oil will cause a smoking condition, and may cause the engine to overheat.

Engine Oil Capacity

FS481V FS541V FS600V	1.5 L (1.6 US-qt) [when oil filter is not removed]
	1.7 L (1.8 US-qt) [when oil filter is removed]

16 PREPARATION



NOTICE

The engine is shipped without engine oil.

STARTING

Starting the Engine

DANGER

Exhaust gas contains carbon monoxide, a colorless, odorless poisonous gas. Inhaling carbon monoxide can cause serious brain injury or death. **DO NOT** run the engine in enclosed areas. Operate only in a well-ventilated area.

WARNING

Engine exhaust may ignite combustible materials and cause a fire. Keep the area around the exhaust outlet clear. Locate the unit so that the exhaust outlet points toward an open area and is located at least one meter (3.3 feet) from any obstructions.

NOTE

- *Be aware of the following in order to start the engine easily in cold weather.*
- Use proper oil for expected temperature (See “FUEL AND OIL RECOMMENDATIONS” chapter).

Use fresh gasoline.

Protect the engine or the equipment from direct exposure to weather when not in operation.

NOTE

- *Follow the operating instructions of the equipment this engine powers.*
- Before starting the engine, disconnect all possible external loads.
Open the fuel valve (A) on the equipment.
Move throttle lever on dash to half throttle position.
Use full choke when the engine is cold, but in hot weather or when the engine is already warm, use half choke or leave the choke fully open.

[Electric Starter Model]

- Put the switch key into the engine switch.
- Turn the switch key to the START position on the equipment. Usually engine will start within 3 seconds.

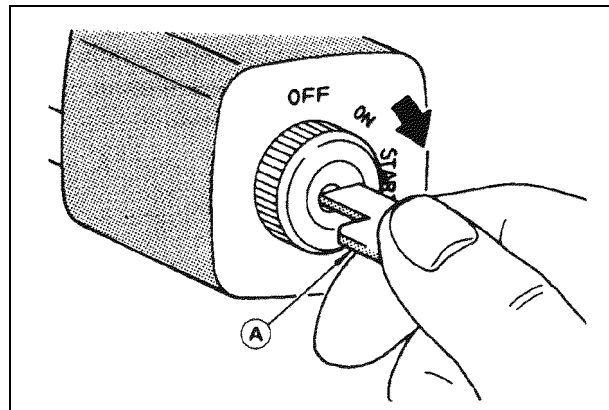
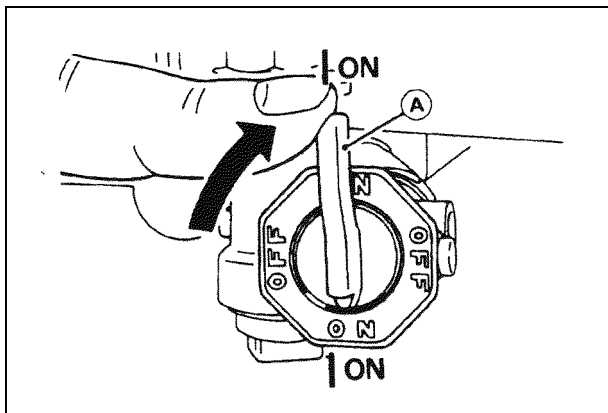
NOTICE

Do not run the electric starter continuously for more than 5 seconds, otherwise the battery may discharge quickly. If the engine does not start right away, wait 15 seconds and try again.

18 STARTING

NOTE

- When the engine is very warm, or when the engine does not start immediately, **DO NOT** keep trying to start it with the choke closed as this will cause flooding and make starting more difficult.
- Instead, fully open the choke and start the engine.



NOTICE

Whenever you start engine, make sure warning lamp is not illuminated after engine starts. If warning lamp comes on, stop engine immediately and check oil level (if equipped).

- After starting the engine, gradually return the choke lever to the fully open position.

[Recoil Starter Model]

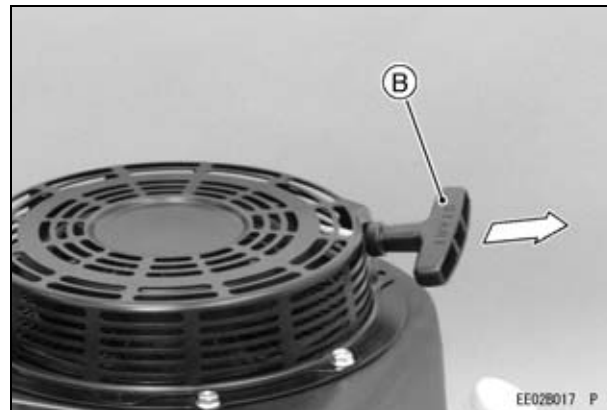
- Put the switch key into the engine switch.
- Turn the switch key to the ON position on the equipment.
- Pull the recoil starter grip [B] slowly until you feel compression, then pull it briskly.

NOTICE

**Do not let recoil cord snap back by itself.
This may damage the cord or recoil starter
assembly.**

NOTE

- *If the engine won't start in three pulls, open the choke and try again.*



OPERATING

Warming Up

After the engine starts, move the throttle lever (A) on the equipment to halfway between “FAST” and “SLOW”.

To warm up the engine, run it for 3 to 5 minutes with the throttle lever in the same load position (halfway) before putting the equipment under load. Then, move the throttle lever (A) on the equipment to its “FAST” position.

NOTICE

Allow engine to warm up sufficiently (3 to 5 minutes at idle) before applying a load. This will allow oil to reach all engine parts, and allow piston clearance to reach design specifications.

NOTICE

While warming up the engine, make sure the warning lamp (oil pressure) on dash is not on. The warning lamp must not be illuminated during engine operation (if equipped).

Engine Inclination

This engine will operate continuously at angles up to 25° in any direction.

Refer to the operating instructions of the equipment this engine powers. Because of equipment design or application, there may be more stringent restrictions regarding the angle of operation.

NOTICE

Do not operate this engine continuously at angles exceeding 25° in any direction. Engine damage could result from insufficient lubrication.

STOPPING

Stopping the Engine

WARNING

Leaving the equipment with the key hanging in the ignition can allow operation by someone who does not know how to operate it. It may cause serious accident with injury. Always remove the key from unattended equipment.

Ordinary Stop

- Move the throttle lever (A) to “**slow**” position.
- Lower the engine speed to the idle speed. Keep running at the idle speed for about one minute.

NOTICE

Engine damage can occur from run-on or after-burning if engine is stopped suddenly from high speed loaded operation. Reduce engine speed to idle for one minute before shutting engine off.

- Turn the engine switch or the switch key to “OFF” position.

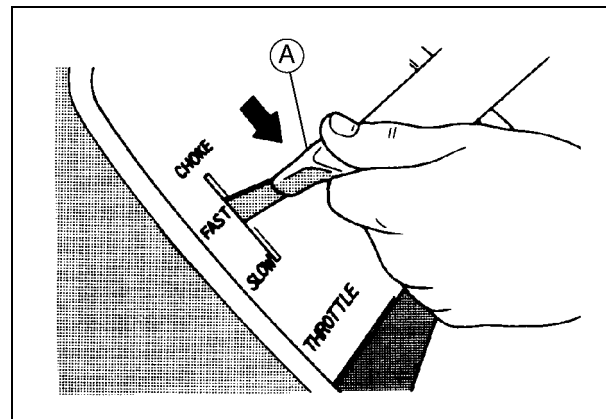
For Control Panel Switch Type, move the throttle lever against its low speed end to turn the ignition off.

Emergency Stop

- Immediately turn the engine switch or the switch key to “OFF” position.

Close the fuel valve on the equipment.

For Control Panel Switch Type, move the throttle lever on the equipment to its low speed end. Moving the lever to its low speed end turns ignition off.



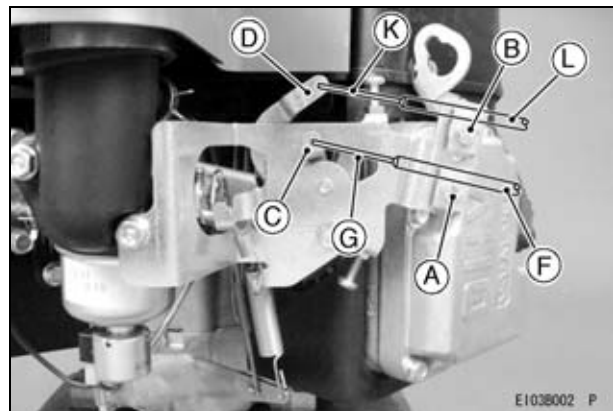
ADJUSTMENT

Throttle Cable Installation, Adjustment

- Link the throttle cable (G) to the speed control lever (C) and loosely clamp the throttle cable outer housing (F) with the cable clamp bolt (A). Move the throttle lever to “FAST” position. Pull up the outer housing (F) of the throttle cable until the inner wire (G) has almost no slack, and tighten the cable clamp bolt (A). Move the throttle lever to “SLOW” position. Make sure that the carburetor throttle valve (H) is moved smoothly.

Choke Cable Installation, Adjustment

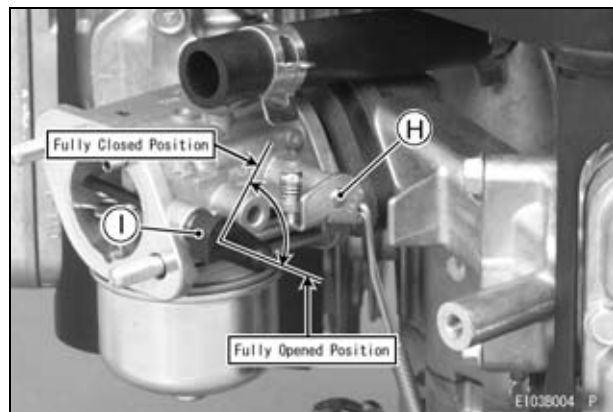
- Link the choke cable (K) to the choke control lever (D), and loosely clamp the choke cable outer housing (L) with the cable clamp bolt (B). Move the equipment choke control to “OPEN” position. Make sure that the carburetor choke valve (I) is fully opened. Pull up the outer housing (L) of the choke cable until the inner wire (K) has almost no slack, and tighten the cable clamp bolt (B). Move the equipment choke control to “CHOKE” position. Make sure that the carburetor choke valve (I) is completely closed. Make sure that the choke valve turns from fully closed position to fully opened position when actuating the equipment choke control.



Engine Speed Adjustment

NOTE

- Do not tamper with the governor setting or the carburetor setting to increase the engine speed. Every carburetor is adjusted at the factory and a cap or stop plate is installed on each mixture screw.
- If any adjustment is necessary, it must be performed by your authorized Kawasaki Engine dealer.



MAINTENANCE

Maintenance, replacement, or repair of the emission control devices and systems may be performed by any nonroad engine repair establishment or individual.

Periodic Maintenance Chart

WARNING

Prevent accidental starting during engine service by removing the spark plug caps.

NOTE

○ The service intervals can be used as a guide. Service more frequently as necessary by operating conditions.

◆ : Service more frequently under dusty conditions.

K : Service to be performed by an authorized Kawasaki dealer.

MAINTENANCE	INTERVAL								
	Daily	First 8 hr.	Every 25 hr.	Every 50 hr.	Every 100 hr.	Every 200 hr.	Every 250 hr.	Every 300 hr.	Every 500 hr.
Check and add engine oil.	●								
Check for loose or lost nuts and screws.	●								
Check for fuel and oil leakage.	●								
Check battery electrolyte level.	●								
◆ Check or clean air inlet screen.	●								
◆ Clean air cleaner foam element.			●						

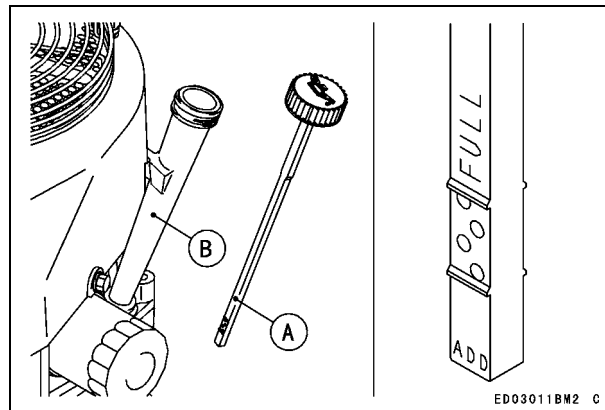
26 MAINTENANCE

Oil Level Check

Check oil level daily and before each time of operation. Be sure oil level is maintained. See “PREPARATION” chapter.

Engine Oil Capacity

FS481V	1.5 L (1.6 US·qt)
FS541V	[when oil filter is not removed]
FS600V	1.7 L (1.8 US·qt)
	[when oil filter is removed]



Oil Change

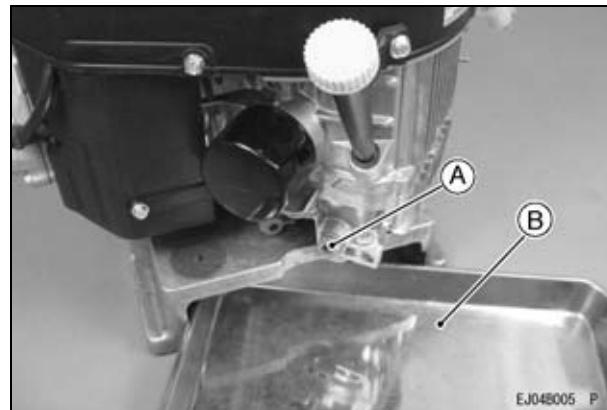
Change oil after first 8 hours of operation. Thereafter change oil every 100 hours.

- Run the engine to warm oil.
Be sure the engine (equipment) is level.
Stop the engine.
Remove the oil drain plugs (A) and drain the oil into suitable container while engine is warm.

⚠ WARNING

Hot engine oil can cause severe burns. Allow engine temperature to drop from hot to warm level before draining and handling oil.

- Install the oil drain plugs.
Remove oil gauge and refill with fresh oil (See “FUEL AND OIL RECOMMENDATIONS” chapter).
Check the oil level (See “PREPARATION” chapter for oil level check).



A. Oil Drain Plug
B. Suitable Container

⚠ WARNING

Engine oil is a toxic substance. Dispose of used oil properly. Contact your local authorities for approved disposal methods or possible recycling.

28 MAINTENANCE

Oil Filter Change

- Change the oil filter every 200 hours of operation.

⚠ WARNING

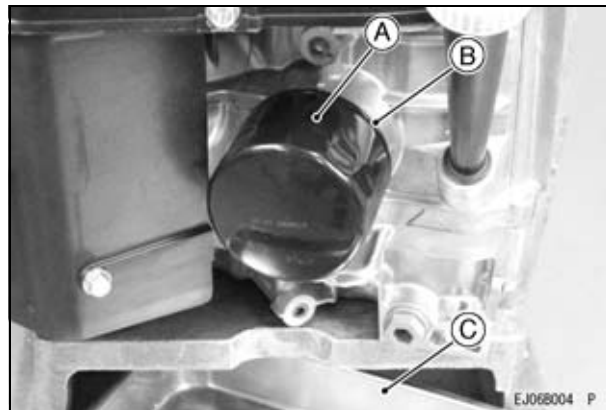
Hot engine oil can cause severe burns. Allow engine temperature to drop from hot to warm level before attempting to remove oil filter.

- Drain engine oil into a suitable container (C).

NOTICE

Before removing the oil filter, place suitable pan under filter connection.

- Rotate the oil filter (A) counterclockwise to remove it.
Coat a film of clean engine oil on seal of new filter. Install new filter rotating it clockwise until seal contacts mounting surface (B). Then rotate filter 3/4 turn more by hand.
Supply engine oil as specified.
Run the engine for about 3 minutes, stop engine, and check oil leakage around the filter.
Add oil to compensate for oil level drop due to oil filter capacity (See “PREPARATION” chapter for oil level check).



- A. Oil Filter
- B. Mounting Surface
- C. Suitable Container

⚠ WARNING

Engine oil is a toxic substance. Dispose of used oil properly. Contact your local authorities for approved disposal methods or possible recycling.

Air Cleaner Service

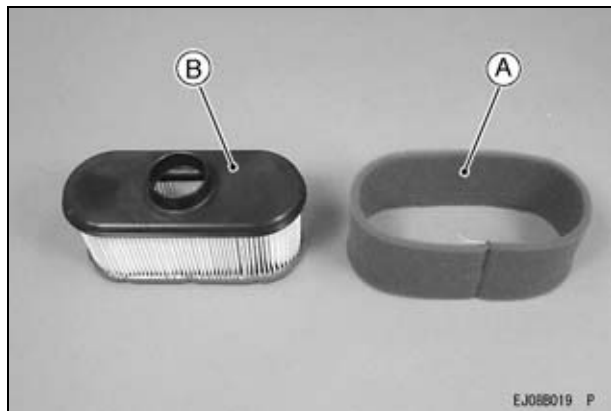
NOTICE

To prevent excessive engine wear, do not run the engine with the air cleaner removed.

Foam Element

Clean the foam element (A) every 25 hours.

- Wash the element in detergent and water, and dry it thoroughly.



Paper Element

Clean the paper element (B) every 100 hours.

- Clean the paper element by tapping gently to remove dust. If very dirty, replace the paper element with a new one.

Replace with a new paper element yearly or 200 hours. Whichever comes first.

NOTE

- *Operating in dusty condition may require more frequent maintenance than above.*

NOTICE

**Do not wash paper element.
Do not oil foam or paper element.
Do not use pressurized air to clean paper element.**

30 MAINTENANCE

Spark Plug Service

⚠ WARNING

Engines can become extremely hot during normal operation. Hot engine components can cause severe burns. Stop the engine and allow it to cool before checking spark plugs.

Clean or replace the spark plugs and reset spark plug gap (A) every 100 hours of operation.

- Disconnect the spark plug caps from the spark plugs and remove the spark plugs.

Clean the electrodes (B) by scraping with a wire brush to remove carbon deposits.

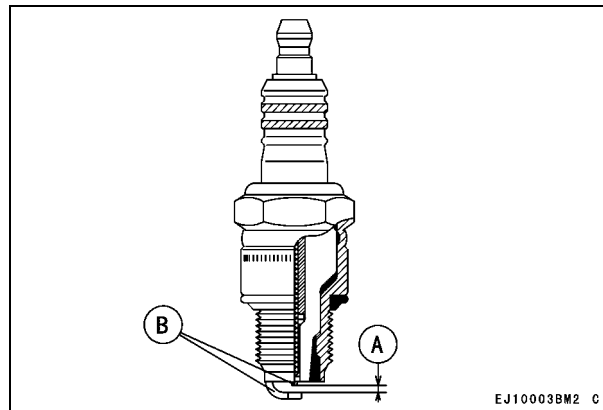
Inspect for cracked porcelain or other wear and damage. Replace the spark plug with a new one if necessary.

Check the spark plug gap and reset if necessary. The gap must be 0.75 mm (0.030 in). To change the gap, bend only the side-electrode, using a spark plug tool.

Install and tighten the spark plugs to 22 N·m (2.2 kgf·m, 16 ft·lb). Connect the spark plug caps.

RECOMMENDED SPARK PLUG

NGKBPR4ES



A. Spark Plug Gap
B. Electrodes

Fuel Filter and Fuel Pump Service

WARNING

Many solvents are highly flammable and may cause serious burns. Improper use of solvents can result in fire or an explosion. Do not use gasoline or low flash-point solvents to clean the fuel filter and/or the fuel pump. Clean only in a well-ventilated area away from sources of sparks or flame, including any appliances with a pilot light.

- The fuel filter can not be disassembled. If the fuel filter gets clogged, replace it with a new one. The fuel pump can not be disassembled. If the fuel pump fails, replace it with a new one.

32 MAINTENANCE

Cooling System Cleaning

Before each use, check that the air inlet (rotary) screen (G) is free from grass and debris and clean if necessary. When checking or cleaning the air inlet screen, loosen the screws (F) and remove air inlet guard (A). Every 100 hours of operation, check and clean the cooling fins and inside of engine shrouds to remove grass, chaff or dirt clogging the cooling system and causing overheating. When cleaning, remove the air cleaner (inside E), loosen the bolts (C), (D), and then, remove the fan housing (B).

NOTICE

Do not run engine before all cooling system parts are reinstalled to keep cooling and carburetion as intended.

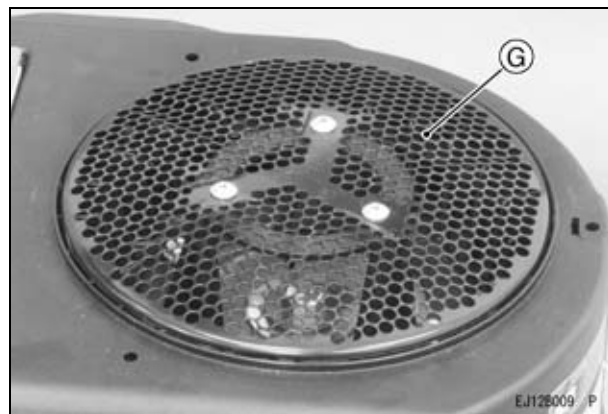
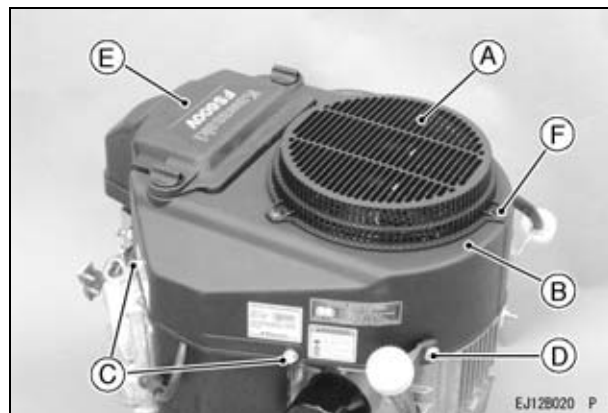
[Recoil Starter Model]

When checking or cleaning the air inlet screen, loosen the bolts (J) and remove the recoil starter (H). When checking or cleaning the cooling fins and inside engine shrouds, remove the air cleaner (inside I) and the recoil starter (H), loosen bolts (C) (D) and nuts (K), and then, remove the fan housing (B).

[Bolts Size, Tightening Torque]

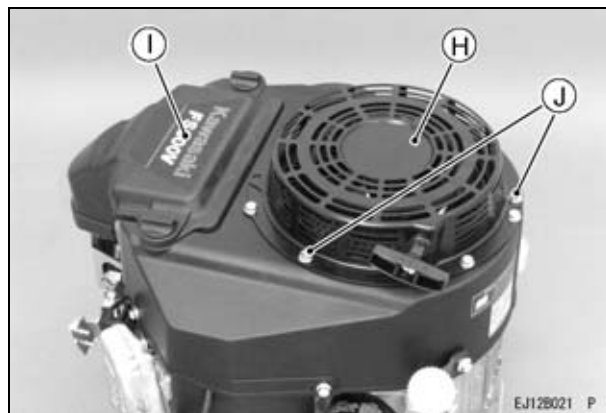
Bolts	Size	Length	Tightening Torque
C	M6	16 mm	8.8 N·m (0.9 kgf·m, 78 in·lb)
D	M6	22 mm	8.8 N·m (0.9 kgf·m, 78 in·lb)

[Electric Starter Model]



Without Inlet Guard

[Recoil Starter Model]



STORAGE

Fuel System Draining

Engines to be stored over 30 days should be completely drained of fuel to prevent gum deposits forming on essential carburetor parts, fuel filter and fuel tank.

WARNING

Gasoline is extremely flammable and can be explosive under certain conditions.

Drain fuel before storing the equipment for extended periods.

Drain fuel in a well-ventilated area away from any source of flame or sparks, including any appliances with a pilot lamp. Store fuel in an approved container in safe location.

- Clean every part of the engine.
Be sure that the engine switch or switch key is positioned at "OFF".
Close the fuel valve and remove the sediment bowl.
Put a pan under the fuel valve to receive the drained fuel, and open the fuel valve to drain the fuel from fuel tank completely.

- Install the sediment bowl and open the fuel valve.
- To remove the fuel from the carburetor, run the engine to use up the fuel in the carburetor.
- Remove the spark plugs and pour approx. 1 ~ 2 mL (0.06 ~ 0.1 cu. in.) of engine oil through the spark plug holes (A) and then screw the spark plugs in after turning the engine a few times. Slowly turn the engine until you feel compression and then leave it there. This blocks the air inside the cylinder and prevents rust inside the engine. Wipe the body with oily cloth.
Wrap the engine with plastic sheeting and store it in a dry place.
Change engine oil for next use after period of storage (refer to "Oil Change" section in "MAINTENANCE" chapter).

WARNING

Gasoline is a toxic substance. Dispose of gasoline properly. Contact your local authorities for approved disposal methods.



A. Spark Plug Hole

TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE

If the engine malfunctions, carefully examine the symptoms and the operating conditions, and use the table below as a guide to troubleshooting.

Symptom	Probably Cause	Remedy
Engine won't start or output is low	Insufficient compression	Faulty pistons, cylinders, piston rings, and head gaskets
		Faulty valves
		Loose spark plugs
		Loose cylinder head bolts
	No fuel to combustion chamber	No fuel in fuel tank
		Fuel valve not in "ON" position
		Blocked fuel filter or tube
		Blocked air vent in tank cap
		Faulty carburetor
	Spark plugs fouled by fuel	Over rich fuel/air mixture
		Clogged air cleaner
		Faulty carburetor
		Incorrect grade/type of fuel
		Water in fuel

Symptom		Probably Cause	Remedy
	No spark or weak spark	Faulty spark plugs	Replace spark plugs
		Faulty ignition coil	K
		Engine switch left in “OFF” position	Turn engine switch to “START” position (See M)
Low output	Engine overheats	Clogged air cleaner	Clean
		Air inlet screen or cooling air path clogged with dirt	
		Insufficient engine oil	Replenish or change oil
		Carbon build-up in combustion chamber	K
		Poor ventilation around engine	Select a better location
	Engine speed won't increase	Faulty governor	K

K: Service to be performed by an authorized Kawasaki dealer.

M: For Control Panel Switch Type, move the throttle lever on the equipment away from its low speed end to turn the engine switch to “START” position.

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

To protect our environment, properly discard used batteries, engine oil, gasoline, coolant, or other components that you might dispose of in the future.

Consult your authorized Kawasaki engine dealer or local environmental waste agency for their proper disposal procedure.

SPECIFICATIONS

	FS481V, FS541V, FS600V
Type	Air-cooled, 4-stroke vertical shaft OHV, gasoline engine
Bore × Stroke	73 × 72 mm (2.88 × 2.84 in.)
Displacement	603 mL (36.8 cu.in)
Ignition Type	Fly wheel magneto fixed timing type
Direction of Rotation	Counterclockwise facing the PTO Shaft
Starting System	Electric starter/Recoil Starter
Dry Weight : kg (lbs)	36.7 (80.9)

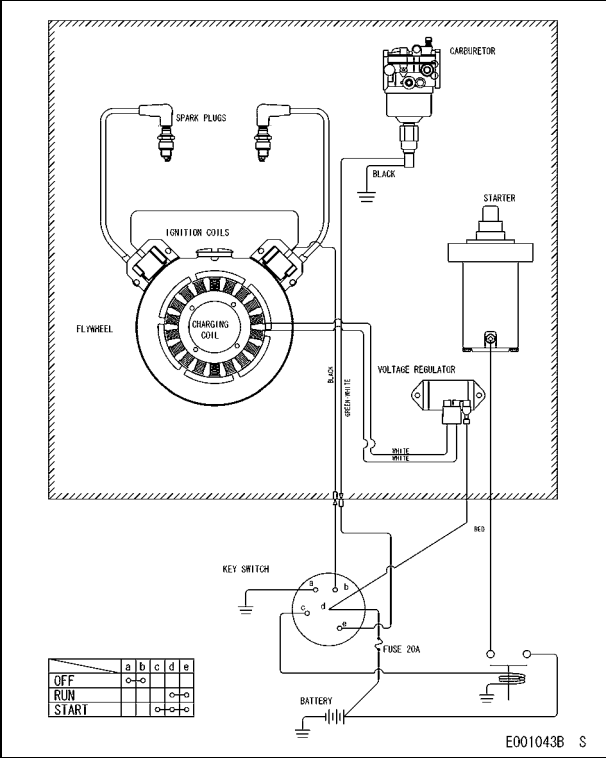
NOTE

- *Specifications are subject to change without notice.*
- *Dry weight excludes that of fuel tank and muffler.*

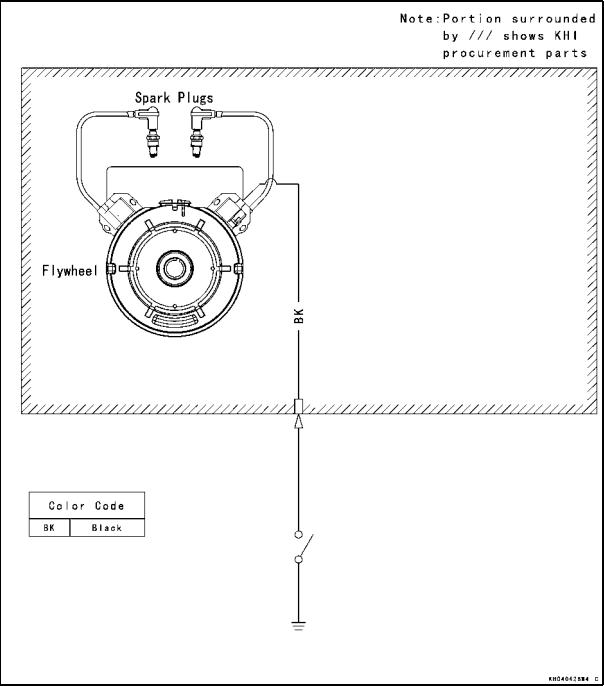
WIRING DIAGRAM

Wiring Diagram

[Electric Starter Model]



[Recoil Starter Model]



NOTE

- *Portion Surrounded by hatching Shows Kawasaki Procurement Parts.*

** WARNING**

Prevent sparks and/or electrical system damage by removing the negative (-) cable from the battery before attempting any repair or maintenance.

Battery Capacity Recommended

Battery Capacity

12 V 550 CCA Class
